TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

FROM

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

The Mordaunt Divorce Verdict-Lady Mordaunt Declared Insane.

England's Commercial Treaties with France Opposed in the Cabinet.

Paris Tranquil Under the Memory of '48.

Proposition for a Worthwestern Mexican Republic.

LANDING OF FILLIBUSTERS IN CUBA.

ENGLAND.

The Mordaunt Divorce Case Trial-Verdict of the Jury-Lady Mordaunt Insane. LONDON, Feb 25, 1870.

The Mordaunt divorce case was concluded to-day.

The jury rendered a veroit that Lady Mordaunt was insane and not responsible for her words or

The Commercial Treaties with France-Cablnet Opposition. LONDON, Feb. 25, 1870.

Mr. Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, admitted to-day in a speech in the House of Commons thas he was opposed to the commercial treaties with

American Railrond Flounce, Debts and Direc-

LONDON, Feb. 25, 1870. The London Times to day has an editorial on the troubles of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad. It predicts that the organization recently formed in New York, under the lead of General McClellan, to further the interests of the creditors will go far to realize the hopes of the projectors of this great rail-

Corn by Weight.

LONDON, Feb. 25, 1870. A convention of the English Chambers of Commerce has adopted a resolve arging the sale of cereals by weight.

FRANCE.

The "Memory of '48"-All Quiet.

PARIS, Feo. 25, 1870. The celebrations yesterday of the anniversary of the proclamation of the French republic in 1848 were very orderly. The police authorities did not disturb

> Press Law Sentences Revoked. PARIS, Feb. 25, 1870.

Three of the editors of the Marsedlaise who were arrested for violation of the press law have been Politics Dull.

PARIS, Feb. 25-Noon. The political news to-day is without importance.

Revolution and Religion-Church and State. PARIS, Feb. 25, 1870. Letters from Spain state that a fler a struggle is going on between the revolutionary and Church

ITALY.

The Mission to Washington.

LONDON, Feb. 25, 1870. Commander Corti is probably the name of the new Italian Minister to Wasnington. Corti is at present Minister of Italy at the Hague. [The name "Cord " as given yesterday, is repeated

MEXICO.

More Afflictions-Additional Discord-Declara tion Favoring the Independence of the Northwestern States.

SAN FRANCISCO. Feb. 25, 1870. Private advices from Mexico state that a public meeting was held in Tepic on the 15th of Jan which declared in favor of the independence of the Northwestern States, including Chihushua, Du rango, Sonora, Sinaloa, Lower Cautornia and portion of Jalisco. Generals Lozada and Pedro Vega are the leaders of the new movement. It is claimed that the people of all the States named and the Governors of Sonora, Chihuahua and Lower California Javor Independence. The Governors of Sinaloa and adependence. The Governors of Sinaloa and

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Aquatic Match Between the Champion English Boat Crew and the Paris Crew of St

MONTREAL, Feb. 25, 1870. The four-pared rowing match for \$5,000 and the championship of the world has been definitely arranged between the champion English crew, of Reweastle-upon-Tyne, and the Paris crew, of St. John, N. B. The race is to take place at Lachine in July next.

The British Pacific Rallway.
OTTAWA, Feb. 25, 1870.

Mr. Waddington has arrived here from London England, to press upon the attention of the govern ment the construction of the British Pacific Rail way. He believes the best point at which to com-mence is the month of the Neepigon river, on Lake Superior. All the money required for the work can be had in London.

The Prince's Ball at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Feb. 25, 1870.
The State ball in honor of Prince Arthur tool place to-night in the Senate Chamber, and was the most brilliant affair of the kind ever witnessed in Canada. Among those present were Governor and Lady Young, the Lieutenant Governors of Ontario and Quebec, the Ministry and most of the prominen-men in Canada.

NEBRASKA.

Indian Depredations Near Omaha. OMAHA, Feb. 25, 1870. A party of ten Indians came to Pine Biuffs be tween aix and seven o'clock this morning and rai off a herd of stock. They were pursued by fou

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London Money Marker.—London, Feb. 25—P. M.—Consols, 92% for money and the account United States five-twenty bonds, 1861, 90%; 1865 89%; 1807, 88%; 1en-forties, 85%. Eric Railwa shares, 22%; Illinois Central, 111%; Atlantic and ourse.-Paris, Feb. 25.-The Bourse FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, Feb. 25.
Inited States five-twenty boods opened firm at 95 for the issue of 1862.

Livenpool. Corron Market.—Livenpool. Feb. 25-3 P. M.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Corn, 27s. a 27s. 3d. per quarter for European. Bacon

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—HAVRE, Feb. 25.—Cotton opened quiet at 134f. per cws. for low middling affoat. LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, Feb. 25-3 P. M.—Linseed oil, £31 15s. a £32 per tou; sperm oil,

P. M.—Linseed oil, £31 lös. a 632 per tou; sperm oil, £89 a £90 per ton.
PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANTWERP, Feb. 25.—Petro-leum opened quiet and unchanged.
[The latest market reports given above were re-ceived by French Atlanuc Capie. Owing to the interruption of the land wires by a heavy snow storm the a on markets, which were sent by the English cabb. Were not received at the Herald bunding at one o'clock this morning.]

CUBA

Surrender of Colonel Garcia and Bighty Insurgents—Reported Landing of Filibustors—A Spanish Gunbons Asbore.

The tosurgent Colones Garcia, with five officers and eighty soldiers, surrendered voluntarily to-day at Villa Clara and took the oath of allegiance to

A report is current that another party of filibu ters, with arms and ammunition, effected a isnding bear Gibara and are now in the Holguin jurisdiction Valua-eda in person has gone in pursuit of the di-Lusters.

The Spanish gunboat Guardian is ashore on the reefs near mayari. Assistance was been sent to ber.

More Plantations Destroyed by Fire-Four Fleids Near Cardenne in Flames.

HAVANA, Feb. 25, 1870. A fire broke out yesterday on the Carman planta ion, near Cardenas. A high wind carried the flames to four adjoining estates, and sourteen fields were destroyed, with all the buildings upon them. Owing to the measures of safety now taken everywhere in the country the flames were mastered in four hours.

FLORIDA.

Arrival of General Queenda at St. Augus-tine-He is Entrusted with an Important Mission.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Feb. 25, 1870. General Quesada, Commander-in-Chief of the Cuban army, and staff, arrived here yesterday from Cuba, via Nassau, on an important mission from President Cespedes, leaving General Jordan in command.

He left Cuba on the 27th uit., receiving the most enthusiastic demonstrations of confidence from his Puedo and Goyeneche had been defeated in Cama

The Spaniards had been discomfited at all points.
[The loregoing despatch was received in this cit,
by a private party from Colonel Varona.]

THE PACIFIC COAST.

A San Francisco Judge Imprisoned-Gold Discoveries in Vancouver's Island. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25, 1870.

The musical festival has proved a great success and it has been decided to prolong it until A police judge was to-day sentenced to six

months' imprisonment for abusing a Chinese Vancouver's istand, by all the nation.

'A despatch from Victoria, V. I., states that the co-ony is greatly excited over the news from Place River, and that the lower country will soon be nearly deserted. The miners find nuggets of gold and lumps of silver in about equal proportions in their sinces. Washington's birthday was observed at Victoria

MASSACHUSETTS.

Serious Illness of the British Consul in Bos ton-Disasters to the Fishing Fleet. BOSTON, Peb. 25, 1870.

The Marquis Lousada, British Consul, is seriously Ill at his residence in this city.

The stormy weather of the present month has proved very disastrous to the Georges fleet. The hooner Weather Gauge, which sailed from Glouces ter for Georges Banks January 25, is supposed to be lost in the gale of January 30. She was probably the vessel seen in a sinking condition by the crew of the schooner Ruth Graves, reported a few weeks since. schooler Ruin Graves, reported a low weeks since. She had a crew of ten men, as follows:—Mark Swoney, master; Pringle, a native of Prince Edward Island; Abram Busby, of Gloucester, who leaves a widow and four children; Siephen Chisholin, William Powers and John Priman (single), also of Gloucester; Archer McNeal, John McAenzie, John A. McKenzie, Neal MacAuley, Archibaid McAllister, all young men unmarried, and nauves of Prince Edward Island.

George Shaw a well known contractor, of Somer-

Edward Island.

George Shaw, a well known contractor, of Somerville, committed suicide, by taking poison, last night. He had lost heavily by the Boylston Bank robbery.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of Mr. Burningame have passed both branches of the Massachusetts Legislature.

PENNSYLVANIA

The Girard College Imbroglio.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25, 1870. The Board of Trust entered upon its duties to-day and took control of Girard College. The city authori ties have made no interference since the injunction issued by the Supreme Court of the State restraining the city against intermedding with the trust and deciding the law creating the Board to be constitu-tional. The city will, however, carry the case on an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Serious Charges Against the Secretary of State-Condition of the Colored People-Necessity for Further Protection. NASHVILLE, Feb. 25, 1870.

The Senate to-day concurred in the House resolu tions have been adopted by both houses to investi gate the charges against A. J. Fletcher, Secretary of Sate, of fraud in the sale of agricultural land scrip donated to Tennessee by Congress.

The convention of colored men adjourned to-day after a session of three days. The reports of the committees show a favorable progress in the work of education and a general improvement, but that personal security is still unsale. Numerous outrages continue to be perpetrated on the colored people, and they ask for further protection.

Fatal Boiler Explosion-Four Men Killed. MEMPHIS, Feb. 25, 1870.

Last Tuesday a boiler exploded in the saw mil near Adamsville, McNairy county, instantly killing R. F. Scott, William Rose, Alonzo Hartman and Mr. Cowell, all of whom were prominent citizens.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

The Roard of Water and Sewerage Commissioner have entered into contract for the construction of sewers in several streets in the Seventh ward. These sewers are to connect with the main sewer running through Grand avenue.

Several parties accused of cruelty to animals, in keeping cows in a crowded and unhealthy con dition, were to have been tried before Justice Riley yesterday, but as Mr. Bergh did not appear the case

The City Fathers are to negotiate with the government for the purchase of a certain piece of ground bounded by the wall of the Navy Yard Hospital Flushing and Washington avenues, where it is proposed to construct a canal.

James Brownell, who was accused of cruelty to his son, at his residence in Prospect street, by beating him and holding him in a tub of water, was taken before Justice Waish yesterday and dis-Coroner Whitehill held an inquest yesterday in the

case of Malachi Muldoon, whose mysterious death

was reported in the HERALD. After a patient inves-tigation the jury rendered a verdict that death was the result of accidental injuries. Gregory Cooney, a native of Ireland, sixty-four years or age, while temporarily insane, walked off the pier foot of North Seventh street, Williamsburg, on Thursday night, and was drowned. His body was recovered vesternay and removed to his late residence in Fig. street.

The two story frame building known as the "Hubertus Jaeger House," situated at the head of John son street, Williamsburg, accidentally took fire at about one o'clock yesterday morning and was entirely consumed, with most of its contents. Nicholas Diener, the proprietor of the nouse, estimates his less at \$4,000. The residence of Mr. Diener, adjoining the above, was damaged \$500. There was an insurance of \$2,500 on each of the

DEATH OF SURROGATE O'NEILL, OF HUDSON COUNTY. Surrogate James O'Neill, of Hudson county, N. J., died on Thursday in the State Lunatic Asylum at past on account of mental aberration. He was re-elected to the office of Surrogate in November last for a term of five years, to take effect from April

BELAPSING FEVER

Notwithstanding the efforts made by the Sanitary Committee of the Board of Health to prevent the ublic ascertaining the truth regarding the relapsing sever, it has been ascertained that it still flour ing lever, it has been ascertained that it still it issues among the lowly, like a green bay tree. Harris and his corps of assistants are battling with every prospect of its final extinction.

THE CHARTER COMPROMISE.

A TRUCE BETWEEN THE FACTIONS.

Tammany and the Coalition Consulting-A Now Charter to be Offered on Tuesday-The Result Still Doubtful-A Standard Bearer's Opinion of the Champions-The Sitnation at Albany.

The flerce contest over the new charter is appar ently drawing to a close. A truce has been declared between the two factions with the object of ascertaining each other's views, and an ambassador of the pose of drawing up a treaty of mutual concess watch are expected to terminate the war and inaugurate a new era of harmony and dominion in the democratic party. Which faction will secure the tion's share remains to be determined, as the details apon; but a few days will in all probability develop a definite policy and transfer the question of leader ship from the individuals at present engaged in it to the people for their decision-Senator Creamer, who represents the coalition in the capacity of a sort of envoy extraordinary and paring a basis of settlement, and expects to have a new charter drawn up and presented to the Legislathe city democracy is at present groaning under. As leatures have been protractedly discussed, and a tacit agreement has been attained upon some mat ters, but much remains yet to be done, and all parties engaged in the compromise movement seem to still be in considerable doubt respecting several very important points.

INTERVIEWS WITH RIVAL LEADERS were had by the HERALD's reporters yesterday, and a great deal of diplomacy, speculation and bun-combe was listened to without developing any setbut a few very important facts were obtained, which indicate the main features of the proposed compromise. Most of the leaders referred to seemed to be carefully on guard in all their expressions, and it in which each of the rivals sought to convey the im pression that his own faction was dictating terms to the other. A full report of all the interviews is rendered unnecessary by the clear statement of a gen. tleman not personally interested in the contest, and whose prominence and long experience in the party entitle him to much consideration in investigating the matter.
THE TRUE HISTORY OF THE CASE

as given by this individual is very interesting, and may be summed up as follows:—A few days ago several of the leading spirits of the Regency met in several of the leading spirits of the Regency met in caucus in this city to discuss the situation and devise a plan for terminating the fight in the party. At this meeting all the elements of the coalition were fully canvassed, and it was resolved to test the question whether the Creamer-Norton-Genet party were really making their fight to correct abuses complained of or had constituted themselves the champions of the people for the sole purpose of riding into power and getting control of the distribution of the loaves and lishes. The only feasible method for accomplishing this object was an agreement to a compromise on points at issue respecting the manner of creating the various departments of the city government; out in the consideration of this question there arose the difficulty of making what was considered to be necessary distinctions in the classification of some of the departments. In omission of the Commissioners of Unsafe Buhdings and of Public Charities and Correction in the charter submitted on the 2d of February had been used by the coalition as an argument ugainst the nonesty of purpose of those who draited that charter, and it was thought probable that in attempting how to exempt the Central Park Commissioners from the rule sought to be applied by the coalition the same difficulty would occur. It was held that the Central Park Commissioners, their management of the affairs of the Park having been above reproach; while to change that organization of other similar obstacles to agreement upon a new charter; but it was finally determined to attempt a harmonious adjustment of the more important elements of the strife, and a programme was made out for consultation with the coalition.

When the representatives of the latter faction met caucus in this city to discuss the situation and de-

conlition.

When the representatives of the latter faction met the regency leaders the very obstacles which had been apprehended arose in formidable proportions, and much time and diplomacy were employed in effecting an understanding upon every point discussed. At length it was arranged that in the event of a satisfactory adjustment of certain minor issues cussed. At length it was arranged that in the event of a satisfactory adjustment of certain minor issues a new charter should be drawn up, providing for the appointment of all the city commissions by the Mayor, except the Poice Commissioners and inspectors of elections, who should be elected by the people, and called Judges of Elections. It was understood that an election for Mayor should be held before the charter should become operative, so that the people might be able to select a man who would make the appointments in conformity with their wishes. It was also agreed that the inspectors of elections should be so divided as to secure two in each district for the majority and one for the minority. This is regarded as settled so far as the form of the proposed new charter is concerned, and it is believed that by Monday night all the other points will have been agreed upon. Of course the contest between the factions for individual preferment will continue, but it is claimed by the regency that in compromising with the coalition and granting all that is demanded in behalf of the rights of the people the coalition will lose its good excuse for waging war and must be shorn or much of its strength. It is quite certain that the new programme with be submitted to the Legislature on Tuesday, and the indications are that the charter will provide, as above excuse, for the appointment by the Mayor, with the consent of the common Council, after a new election, of all the city commissions except the Police Commissioners and the inspectors of elections. of a satisfactory adjustment of certain mine

THE SITUATION AT ALREAY.

No Glimpse of the Flag of Truce at the State Capital-The Feud Said to be Still Raging-The Conlitionists Cannot Recede-Consolida tion of the New York City and County

The talk here to-day is, of course, principally on the democratic dissension and the unauthorized rumors which prevailed last night in regard to the question of adjustment. Rumors are still affoat, but do not appear to have any foundation in fact. The leading lights on either side-Tweed, Norton and Genet in the Senate, and Hitchman and Kiernan in the Assembly—are apparently on as good terms as ever. The feud, however, is still bitter, and as far from adjustment as it was a week ago; but no personalities have thus far been indulged in. It is evident that both parties are afraid of each other. The country members seem to think that under the "new coalitionists" the city of New York would not be much improved; but Norton and his followers assert that they cannot and will not go back-they have gone too far, and must make for themselves a record too plain to be misunderstood. The promised new charter has not yet been broached, but the bill consolidating the governments of the city and county, which I append, may be regarded as a sort of preparatory foundation to a new charter which, in many regards, will do away with many of the abuses of which the taxpayers of New York have complained. The "extra service" people and those who draw salaries from the city and county treasury

will, no doubt, be on their mettle, and a full delega-tion may be expected here to fight it down. Creamer, Tilden and the other malcontents have not arrived, and no settlement can be made between the factions until the force on either side are here in full. The bill offered by Senator Norton on the consolidation of the government of New York city, alluded to above, is an follows:—

to above, is as follows:—
SECTION I. The city of New York and the county of New York shall be haracter one body, corporate and solitic, by the same of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonatty of the city of New York, and all the rights, property and interests of the city of New York and the county of New York respectively anal, belong to and be invested in the anid corporation; but nothing contained in this act shall alreade or mapair or in any wise affect any existing right or interest, except to rest the same in the said corporation, nor shall anything contained in this act affect any sotion or proceeding herstofore taken or commenced.

taken or commenced.

SRC 2. For all local purposes the administration and government of the city and county of New York shall be one and the same, and all public officers whose spheres of duty are co-existive with the limits of the city and county of New York, shall be officers of the said city and county, and no person shall be as officer of the said city and county seperators that when by the constitution or laws of the

York, and all moneys pald or beld by any and every prelie officer and body whatmover in the city and county of New York, except the Board of Education and the Commissions of Centras' tark, and all moneys raised by and county of New York, and all moneys relied by and county of New York, and all moneys of the city and county of New York, and all moneys of the city and county of New York, and the same shall condition and bed by the Chamber sin, and the same shall condition and be known as the city and county Treasury and whenever any payment, is propiotical from the city and county Treasury such payment is hereby declared to be probabled from each and every part of the said moneys, and a shall be a missionement to make any payments so probabled from any part of the said moneys.

SEC, 4. As payment shall be made from the city and county treasury to any public officer everything a sainry or other regular and stated compensation therefrom, for or on account of any other office or service whatever, either as a salary or compensation or otherwise, and no such obeer shall hold any other office of the wind the city and county of New York, nor shall any payment is made from the sid treasury to any public educar for any extra service or for any servaponities increase of saary, but this section shall not be held to prevent the re-city in the public schools in any for more than one said parties in tane public schools in any for more than one said parties in two public schools in any for more than one stabilitate effect immediately. by law to receive toos.

REC. & This act shall take effect immediately.

Another Account-Denying the Soft Impench-

ALBANY, Feb. 25, 1876. Harry Genet was a little indignant to-day at the reports of a peaceful settlement of the ring quarrel, and was disposed to deay their truth. But this is all nonsense. The fight is really at an end, as I assured you last night, and we shall have a charter for the government of the city here next week, which was receive the support of both country and city democrats. The country members for instance, have little interest in squabbles which are purely loost, but they have a deep interest in hotting the democratic party together for the maintenance of present power and the prospect of future success. I see feeling the democratic party together loot the maintenance of government in the city of New York, and they will vote for any measures to effect that purpose that may be narmoniously agreed upon. all nonsense. The fight is really at an end, as I as

NEW YORK CITY.

Gleanings of Local News Picked Up About the Metropolis.

The following record will show the changes in the emperature of the weather for the past twenty-four nours in comparison with the corresponding day

of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudaut's pharmacy, Herario Building, Broadway, coruer of Ann street:—

1569, 1870. 1869, 1870.

3 A. M. 29 18 3 P. M. 42 26
6 A. M. 27 15 6 P. M. 41 32
9 A. M. 30 17 9 P. M. 40 31
12 M. 37 20 12 P. M. 40 29
Average temperature yesterday. 23½
Average temperature for corresponding date
last year. 35½

Michael Jacobs, who was committed by Justice Cox, at Jefferson Market, a short time since, charged with passing a forged check on Adolph Brodek, of 501 Eighth avenue, for seventy-five dollars, status he was discharged by the District Attorney on the 14th

for the people will be given this evening on "Light and Vision," and especially "How Light is converted into Thought," by r. H. Knapp, formerly a professor of the University of Heideiberg, out now a resident of this city.

On Thursday last William Hill, a German, Tnirty eight years of age, was arraigned before Judge Bixby on a charge of insanity and committed to the Tombs to await the action of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction. During his confinement in prison Hill become worse and thed on Thursday night. An inquest will be held on the body.

Information reached the Coroners' office yesterday morning that George Hussey, one of the victims of the recent steam boiler explosion in West Thirtythird street, had died at his residence, 419 West Thirty-seventh street. The investigation, which is in charge of Coroner Flyan, is named for Monday next. Deceased was a single man, thirty-nine years of age, and a native of England. Professor Adolphus Ronde delivered his celebrated

geological lecture on the "World Before the Deluge," at Steinway Hall last night, illustrated by a series of cosmoranne views of the different phases of the carth, animal life upon it and the operations be-neath its cruat; as also views of the conditions, weapons, &c., and the various monuments of the progress of the civilization of man from antiquity, A thoroughly appreciative, though not large an-nience was in attendance. The splendid new hall of the Young Men's Chris dan Association, corner of Twenty-third street and

Fourth avenue, was filled by a fine audience las

evening to listen to Professor Henry D. Noyes in one of his fectures on the special senses, his specialty on this occasion being "cound." The audience for the most part was composed of intelligent people, who seemed to appreciate the discourse, technical and scientific as it was. A very gratifying reunion was held last night at the Mott Memorial Library, on the occasion of a reception and a supper given by the faculty to the si dents of Believue Hospital College. Although rather

tate in the season one hundred and seventy-four young men were regaled with the best of the season, and will doubtess remember the entertainment as a very cordial and agreeable one for some time to come. Drs. Taylor, Mott and Hammond were among those present as founders of the feast, and spared no pains to entertain their guests. At a regular meeting of the Board of Fire Underwriters yesterday it was agreed almost unant mously to postpone the question of rates until the mously to postpone the question of rates until the 16th day of March, in order to give the committees appointed by the New York and National Boards additional time to perfect the details submitted to them and to make a full report. Perfect narmony prevalled, and a complete restoration of paying rates will be looked for with much pleasure by stockholders. The special committee of conference on the legal tender decision consists of Charles J. Martin, George T. Hope and J. Reading. After considerable discussion on the report of the rate committee the report was referred to the same committee.

At a regular meeting of the New York Medical Journal Association last evening, at their rooms in the Mott Memorial Building, Madison avenue, Dr. Hammond read a very interesting paper on "The Physic logical Action of Magnetism," which had been pre-pared by John Vansant, M. D., of California. From numerous experiments it has been established that neuragic affections are peculiarly susceptible of magnetic action, and that other diseases may be magnetic action, and that other diseases may be treated with success by the application of the same force. The speaker advocated further research into the power of this subtle force, and at the conclusion of his lecture a vote of thanks was unanimously tendered him.

On Saturday last Peter McGinness was arrested by officer Buck, of the Sixteenth precinct, charged with participating in the murder of John Murkle, who participating in the indivier of John Murkle, who was brutaily beaten on the night of the 2d inst., receiving injuries from which he subsequently died. Thursday afternoon, upon information received, dectives Butcher and McCafferry, or the same precinct, arrested the alleged accomplice, named Patrick Fitzpatrick, of 430 West Fortieth street, and James Strong, of 424 West Fortieth street. The two latter were arranged before Justice Scott at Jefferson Market yesterday morting and remanded to na custody of Coroner Keenan, who will conclude the investigation, aiready begun, on Monday next.

On Thursday night as Thomas D. Day, of No. 246 Canal street, was in the act of placing his niece and Olympic theatre, he was rudely jostled against by four or five roughs, one of whom, named John Waine a driver, residing at No. 93 Bleecker street, thrust his hand in his vest pocket and removing his gold watch, valued at \$150, wrenched it from the chain and passed it to one of his confederates, who made off with it. Mr. Day observing and feeling the movements of Waine followed him and nanded him over to the custody of officer McPherson, of the Twenty-sixth preclint. He was yesterday morning arraigned before Justice Boott as Jefferson Market and denied the charge, but was committed without bail to answer at the General Sessions. This is the second time that Mr. Day has parted with the watch in a similar manner, and he prizes it more highly as it was a present from his father, he having purchased it in London sixty-five years ago. Olympic theatre, he was rudely jostled against by

In regard to the letter from Sergeant-at-Arms Ordway found on the person of P. R. Emory, arrested for passing counterfeld money, investigation shows that under date of March 29, 1860, Sergeant at-Arms Ordway gave to W. A. Rooks (not W. A. Rock, as stated by misprint), an authorized agent for "Heath's Detector," a letter recommending that book. The document found on the person of Emory was a true copy of that lester, which copy was obtained directly from the original, now in possession of Mr. Rooks, and was used by him to assist in seiling the book. As Emory came with high recommendations for honesty, Mr. French hired him to sell the detector, and eatrusted to him specimen counterletts necessary to be used in explaining the book. He charged Emory to be careful of his specimens, and told him if he ever made a misuse of them he should save him streated. Emory became intoxicated, and it is believed was induced by some vinian to pass his specimens, was arrested and committed. Messrs. Kooks and Prench are both gentlemen of the highest respectability and authorized agents of the "Detector." Mr. Ordway does not know W. A. Rock, but he does know Mr. W. A. Rocks, who is his friend and was at Washington on the 23d inst with the original letter in his pocaet.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Passage of the Bill Abolishing the Canal Contract System.

The New York City Court of Special Sessions E.Il Passed and Signed by the Governor.

The State Excise Bill Passed in the Senate.

ALBANY, Feb. 25, 1570.

PASSAGE OF THE CANAL BILL.
Senator Hardenbergh's famous bill, to which i ent of the canals to the Canal Commis sioners, who are to be held responsible for their good management. The contract system is abolished. without, however, interiering with existing contracts. Mr. Hardenbergh understands the question thoroughly and put it so squarely before the Senate that the party opposition to it was overridden. As the canal system now stands no responsibility appears to rest anywhere. A complaint to the Commissioners is referred to the contractor, and vice versa, while the canais are left in a miserable condition, the debt is unreduced and the expenses of keeping them in order are increasing. Senator Hardenborgh proposes to give the entire control to the Canal Board, to vote them money enough to keep the canals no order and to hold them strictly responsible for so doing. THE COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS BILL.

which went up from the House with a rousing ma-jority, passed the Senate to-day, and lest there should be any chance of it not becoming a law Colonel Murphy proceded at once to the Executive Chamber and procured the Governor's assurance that he would sign the bill. Murphy looked as flushed with victory on returning to his seat in the House as did Alexander the Great after his most famous battle. The Governor signed the bill this

famous battle. The Governor signed the bill this afternoon.

A CALL OF THE HOUSE,

There was so much shirking on the vote to abolish the office of Superintendent of Salt Springs in the House, and asked for an order to bring the absentoes to the bar for contempt. Upon a second call for the assentees, however, a sufficient number of members to make a parliamentary vote appeared and Jacobs withdrew his motion. Colonel Murphy and Ar. Campushi asked to be excused from voting, because if it was a party measure they would vote with their party, but otherwise did not wish to vote against the in roducer of the bill, Mr. Alvord. Not being excused they voted for the bill.

IN THE MATTER OF INJUNCTIONS our experience of late in the Eric Railroad quarrels has not been of a character to raise the courts very highly in our estimation. To correct the system of issuing hasty injunctions so common of late Senator Murphy has introduced a bill in the Senate which, if it becomes law, will cure that evil.

in accordance with a report presented by Colonet Marphy to-day, is restricted from insenturing cuil-dren outside the limits of New York State, and in no case without the consent of two police justices, and a record, open at all times, must be kept of the disposition made of children committed to their care. care.
St. Francis Xavier's college.
A bill was presented by Coionel Murphy empowering the trustees of the College of St. Francis Xavier, in New York city, to hold or lease property in any part of the State.

in New York city, to hold or lease proporty in any part of the State.

THE FOUNDLING ASYLUM.

Senator Tweed reported from the Committee on Religious and Charitable Societies a bill authorizing the city of New York to grant a perpetual lease to the New York Asylum for Founding; of the property belonging to the city on Fouria avenue and sixty-minth street. The asylum has now snown missef to be a necessity, and the institution to be built on the land mentioned in this bid will be used as a home, while the good sisters in charge will have a receiving asylum in some more central portion of the city. The bill is justly considered with much favor and will undoubtedly pass.

THE EXCISE BILL.

was finally adopted in the Senate this afternoon after much animated decate.

SETARIAN SCHOOLS.

The question of distributing moneys to the sectarian schools was depated in the Committee on Public Education this afternoon by Messrs. White, Kiernan and Bergen, but no result was reached.

FROFITS OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Cyrus Curtis, of the Washington Life Company, and F. S. Winston of the Manual, were examined at length this afternoon before the Committee on insurance of the Assembly. Both were understood to admit that few other kinds of business yielded such profits as life insurance. A bill will probably be introduced ordering a decrease of at least fify

such profits as life insurance. A bill will probably be introduced ordering a decrease of at least fifty per cent in the rates of insurance.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE. ALEANY, Feb. 25, 1970.

and associate judges of the Court of Appeals and Court of Common Pleas in the city of New York; also amending the Kings county jurors' law; also amending the act authorizing the officers of orphan asylums to bind out children; also changing the name of the Hope Union Mission School of Brooklyn; also amending the charter of the Stuyesant Safe Deposit Company. By Mr. Thay zer Providing for the introduction of the European system of steam towage on camals. For considera-

Abolishing the New York Court of Special Sessions
Abolishing the Contracting Board and contracting On motion of Mr. HARDENEURG the bill was amended by On motion of Mr. HARDENEURG the bill was amended by robibiting the Canal Board from entering into any new contracts for ke ping the canals in repair. The bill was then

passed.

AMENDMENT OF THE EXGISE LAW.

The till to amend the Excise law being announced for the third reading Mr. Wood moved to recommit, with instructions to amend, by providing for the election of Excise Commissioners in the same manner as Inspectors of Election are chosen. Lost—list of T.

Mr. Wooden moved to recommit, with instructions to amend by adding the words "during the whole of such days," referring to Sundays and election days. Carried by the following yout:—

is the control of the Excise law." Lost.

Mr. Noorr moved to amend by striking out the clause
which provides that intoxication shall not be punished by fine
and imprisonment. Lost—13 to 16.

Mr. Noorr moved to amend by submitting the excise question to the people every four years by counties. Lost—13
to 17.

tion to the people cress stand by providing for the election in Mr. Wood moved to amend by providing for the election in all corporate cities of a board of six excise commissioners, the minority to have two of the said communicationers. Lost-16 Mr. Lxwis moved to amend by prohibiting the sale or giving away of liquors upon any of the Indian reservations. Adopted.

Mr. Parkers moved to strike out the word "publicly" in the fourth section. Lost.

Mr. Parkers moved to mend by striking out the clause which allows the sale of lager beer on Sundays. Lost.

Mr. Grakers moved to reconsiler the vote adopting the amendment proposed by Mr. Woodin. Carried, 15 to 13. Mr. Genet then moved to strike out the amendment. Carried. Considerable debate ensued on a proposition to amend so as to save the Binghamton Asylum, the Kings County Inertriate Asylum, and the Hornelisville Library ten per cent of the excess moneys that those institutions now receive; but the amendments were finally withdraws.

The bill was then passed by the following vote:—
YEAS—Messra. Banks, Blood, Bradley, Caudwell, Frost, Genet, Graham, Hardenburgh, Hubbard, Lord, Morgan, Murphy, C. F. Norton, M. Norton, Pierce, Sanford, Tweed—I. RAYS—Messra. Bowen, Brand, Chapman, Elwood, Harpending, Kennedy, Lewis, Minier, Parker, Scott, Thayer, Winslow, Wood and Woodin—It.

By Mr. BRADLEY—Amending the charter of the Central Ravings Bank of New York; also amending the charter of the Control Co Mr. Lewis moved to amend by prohibiting the sale or giv-ing away of liquors upon any of the Indian reservations.

York.

Hy Mr. Mynpry.—To establish a police department for the
city of Brooklyn and to define the powers and duties. It
places the department in the hands of a board of commission
ers—two—to be elected at the general section every fourth
year; each commissioner to receive a nainty of \$2,00 per
year and hold no other office or receive any other salary.

year and hold no other olines or receive any other salary.

Mr. Wood moved to reconsider the vote on the Usury bill and to lay that motion on the table. Carried.

Mr. Mixies moved that the Rairond Committee have twenty days additional time to conduct the investigation in regard to sleeping care. &c. Carried.

Adjourned and eleven o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

ALBANY, Peb. 25, 1878. ALDANY, Peb. 25, 1872.

A communication was received from the United States
District Attorney Pierrepoint that Hon. J. H. White was
needed as a witness in an important criminal case. That
gentieman was granted leave of absence for that purpose. BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the Sixth Avenue Savings Bank of Rew Incorporating ine Sixia Avenue average Bank of New York. Providing for revision of the State statutes.

THE CULAN RESOLUTIONS.

The Committee on Federal Resistions did not report on the Cuban resolutions as instructed, and it was scated the chairman was absent.

The Syraakes stated that the resolution directing the report to be made had not been yet handed to the chairman of the committee.

committee.

Nr. Bunns moved that the committee be discharged from further constiteration of the resolution.

Nr. MITCHERL Boyed the resolution would not prevail, as the report will be made as soon as the chairman returns.

Nr. LITTLEJOHN moved that the time for reporting be extended to noon to-morrow. Carried.

REPORTS.

Ry Mr. M. C. MURPHY—Amending the act conferring certain powers on the managers of the Five Points House of

Biale.

By Mr. JACONDA—Regulating horse are use, Brooklyn; also to improve Westlington, are use, Brooklyn; also to improve Westlington, laitan Assoc My Mr. HENNAUSY—Chartering the Man ling the 'San Grave York.

By Mr. Durett.—Amending the set suttless, single a dead assam dummy in Brooklyn.

By Mr. Mannox—Amending the set suttless, the is and run a assam dummy in Brooklyn.

By Mr. Mannox—Amending the set suttless, the is of a double trace from Tooklyn to New years.

By Mr. JONES—Regulating horse our farse in Brooklyn.

Adjourned.

THE TOBACCO DEALERS' CONVENTION.

Third Day's Session-Important Resolut The Tax and Shipping Regulations.
The National Tobacco Association reassembled esteriay morning to take cognizance of the seuos

everal committees. Mr. W. E. Lawren brough their chairman, Mr. J. H. Frazer sub

of the late Convention and receive the reports of the

Resolved, That the internal revenue laws on t blacco, and and eight shall be separate and distinct from the conscious of that on distilled spirks.

Resolved, That the internal revenue laws on t blacco, and and eight shall be separate and distinct from the conscious of that on distilled spirks.

Resolved, That the requirements of the press writer compelling manufacturers of to acco, eight and as upf to make monthly returns and annual internations of the manufacturers of annual favoratives of the monthly return and annual favoratives and saving and the son the shoulded.

Resolved, That in an annual manufacturer, shall be an additional law.

Resolved, That it is no additional security to the manufacturer, shall be a spiral injury to the tracks, that the manufacturer of whether the spiral shall be manufacturer or swarer is labie for and should be required and manufacturer or swarer is labie for and should be required and manufacturer or swarer is labie for and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and a search as oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided and manufacturer or swarer is labie for and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and search as a since its oppressive and should be provided, and should be provided.

Resolved, That he arrives of inspectors in the increase districts should be paid by the tential States go

gress of the United States onacted a law, entitled "An act imposing tares oo distilled spirits, tobacco, and for other purposes."

Resoired. That we believe it to be the duty of Congress to pass an act relieving the trade from the unjust and oppressive features of the law name: in the foregoing preambe, giving to the holders of manufactured itebacco, held as acove stated, incutories having been properly filed up to the time of limit of sales, as provided by said law of 20th July 1856; and small repay all moneys path for stamps, for all goods as or a stamped, under the provisions of said law, and that a toll of relief be passed by Congress in accordance with the wording of this resolution. Convention memorial its Congress to stamps, for all goods act of the second neighty severa of the Internal Revenue laws of July 20 convention memorial its Congress to stamps, for any continuous extensions of the second from the state of the provision of the internal Revenue laws of July 20 convention memorial its Congress to state of the second neighty severa of the Internal Revenue laws of July 20 conventions were submitted and discussed and fifty per cent advalorem be restored.

The resolutions were submitted and discussed separately, and, after some amendments were passed as above. They show the entire feeling and sentiment of the tobacco trade, and will be made the basis of a memorial to Congress, to be presented by a committee, which has not yet been appointed. The report of the Committee of the Whole being finished, Mr. Spence, of Clucinnati, made a long and earnest speech on the proposed change of the law on suncking tobacco by Congress. Others followed out the same subject, and the meeting then adjourned.

There was excellent skating on all the ponds in his city and vicinity yesterday. The Park lakes were thrown open for the first time this winter, and turing the day many thousands availed themselves of the extraordinary opportunity offered by Jack Frost to enjoy a good day's sport on the "trons." The rost to enjoy a good day's sport on the "frons." Tase various cars on their way to the Park were loaded with the skaters made and female, and in the alternoon, after the schools had been dismissed, the children flocked to the lares in crowas. About six o'clock the bail was pulled down, as take Park authorities deemed the les not strong enough to ocar up the immense numbers who would naturally be desirous of testing their skill on skates when night would have let the working classes free for recreation. The Empire Rus was all day have and up to a late hour of the high exceedingly well patrolized, and a band of music lent 'additional attraction to the spot. The ice was in spiendal condition, and all the 'fancy' skaters were out in good force. Macmilian's pond, or Fifth avenue, was also in fine condition, and hundreds enjoyed themselves there during the day and evening. If the weather continues as cold as it now is the ice on all the ponds, the Park lakes included, will be in many good condition as it was any day last year.

THE WEEKLY HERALD

The Cheapest and Best Newspaper in the

Country. The WERKLY HERALD of the present week, now ready, contains the very latest European News by the Cable up to the hour of publication; also Telegraphic Despatches from China, Japan and other points. It also contains the News of the Week; Editormi Articles on the prominent topics of the day; Our Agricultural Budget; Reviews of the Cat-Financial and Commercial Intelligence, and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the

TERMS:-Single subscriptions, \$2: Three copies, \$50 Five copies, \$8; Ten copies, \$15; Single copies, five cents cach. A limited number of advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

MOORE.—On Friday evening, February 25, Wil-LIAM DEMPRIER, youngest son of John F. and Ange-nora M. Moore. In the 21st year of his age. Funeral on Monday attendoop, at one o'clock, from the residence of his father, 118 West Twenty-third street. Remains will be taken to Providence, R. L. for interment.

Providence papers please conv.

I. I. for interment.

Providence papers please copy.

[For other Deaths see Seventh Page.] As the Demand for Restorer America from all parts of the United States and Europe transcends is magnitude the wildest conception of its astudine discovere, and has we are daily delings! with queries as to price, Ac., from the North, South, East and West, we would become the formation of all cand with the view of securing the forwices of our corresponding clerk for other pressing matter, that the following terms, taken from our billheasts, are times by which the sale of Restorer America is conducted invited Study of the Press of the Co. D. No claims for breakage or deficiencies will be allowed, unless made within ten, days after receipt of the goods.

All correspondence relating to RESTORER AMERICA, the SECURE PROMPT ATTENTION, should be directed to fir. I. J. O'Brien, letter box, office of the works, 202 East Thichest street, and SENT IT MAIL.

OUR PURPLAN AUENT, T. B. SANDS, ESQ., will be sale for such other information as they may deare.

A.—Not to be Detected.—The Hues imported to gray heads by PHALON'S VITALIA, or SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, are as vivid as those of nature, and the cases with the other hair coloring preparations, as the case with the other hair coloring preparations, the Vitania being eminently cleas. No sediment

Batchelor's Hair Dyo-The Best in the world, The only perfect dys; harmless, reliable, instanta-neous Factory is Bond street. Ballou's "New Yoke" Shirts Made to Order-of New York Bills at \$26 per dozen, "Hand made." 296 Broadway.

Cristadoro's Unrivalled Hair Dye. - Sold and applied at his wig and sca'p factory, No. 6 Astor House. Dr. Fitler's Rheumntic Remedy Cured Cap-tain Nelson, ship Fawn, New York. Recommends all suf-ferers. 704 Breadway. Sold by druggists.

Dinbetes, Dinbetes,-Constitution Water la, a.

Howard Sanitary Aid Association,—For the relief and sure of the erring and unfortunate, on principles of Christian philanitropy. Essays on the errors of Yosish and the Follies of Age to resiston to marriage and social still, with sanitary aid for the afficied. Sent free in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

Jayne's Expectorant is Both a Palliative and curative in all Lung Complaints, Broughtts, &c. It is a standard remedy for all Coughs and Colds, and needs only a limit to prove its worth. Fold everywhere. Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes Pald in Gold.

Information furnished. The highest rates paid for Doublood and all kinds of dold and Silver.

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Trusses—Cleanly, Durable and Efficient.—
Dr. Ridds' Hard Rubbar Truss, No. 2 Barday street, Established 1:57.

Wood Mantels, Wainscoting and Other hard wood work made to order. Builders supplied. G. L. & J. S. KELTY & CO. Manufacturers and Dealers in FURNITURE, 601 Broadwar.